# KANSAS CITY, KAS

THE Branch Office of The Journal has removed to Room E, Husted building, where all advertisements and items of news will receive prompt attention. Any complaints as to the delivery of the paper will be speedily remedied if notice is given. Telephone West 23.

### TO-DAY'S BARCAINS.

2 bunches White Ribbon Celery for 5c. Cape Cod Cranberries, 5c quart. Fine large Bananas, 3 doz. for 25c. Remember, we are prepared to furnish turkeys and all kinds of poultry and game Goods delivered with promptness and dis-patch to any part of city.

### C. SMITH.

The Junction Grocer, 1900 N. 5th St., KANSAS CITY, KAS. FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

#### BUY THE CELEBRATED STAR LUMP COAL At \$2.75 Per Ton Delivered. Bloebaum Bros., Second & Minn ave . K.C.K.

The only place in Kansas City, Ras.
The only place in Kansas where the
Genulne Keeley Remedies and Treatent for Alcohol and Narcolic Addictions are administered. Address as above,

## COMPANIES AT WAR.

MANY ANXIOUS TO FURNISH THE CITY ELECTRIC LIGHT.

#### CONSOLIDATED IN THE SADDLE.

CONTRACT FOR MUNICIPAL ILLUMI-NATION 12 YEARS TO BUN.

Keisler for State Printer-D. B. Hadley Improving-Mother and Children in Want-Tauromee Lodge Entertained-Miscellaneous.

Hostilities have been declared between the electric light companies in this city, and from all appearances the Beard, Boyd and Armstrong companies have taken a stand against the Consolidated company For the past two years the light question has been agitated in this city. The Consolidated company has an exclusive con tract with the city to furnish all public electric lights, and the contract does not

expire for nearly twelve years. The tuxpayers have entered protest after protest against the light bills of the city, claiming that they were exorbitant and that the company was not living up to its contract as to the quality of light which it agreed to furnish. As the Consolidated the city, no other company ventured to build a plant here.

As soon as the Consolidated company got into trouble among its members and a receiver was asked for, several companies suddenly sprang into existence. The Beard company was the first to make application before the council for a franchise, while the Amustrong company followed soon thereafter, At the last meeting of the M. E. church, at 7 o'clock. council the R. J. Boyd company asked for a franchise to construct and operate an electric light plant in this city. Each of these companies makes a proposition to the city to furnish the public lights, and also makes a provision whereby the city is given the option to buy the plant after the construction. All of these franchises are now in the hunds of the franchise commit-

The Consolidated people claim that the fight that is being made on them was in-stigated by persons in the employ of the opposing companies, and that it scheme to jump on them while they are tied up in the courts. They also allege that the asking for a receiver is a plot on the part of a big corporation to eat up a little corporation. The fight is being watched by the taxpayers with a great deal of interest, as it is understood that as soon as one of the other companies is granted a franchise an attack will be made on the Consolidated company's exclusive contract with the city.

### HEISLER FOR STATE PRINTER.

The Kansas City Editor Thinks He Should Be Rewarded.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 22.—(Special.) Editor E. F. Heisler of a Kansas City, Kas., paper has been added to the list of applicants for state printer under the Leedy admin-istration. Mr. Heisler is an old time Populist of the bewhiskered type. He has not only devoted his time in the interest of the Pops, but he has wasted much space in his paper in the advocacy of the cause. Other wires that will be pulled is the fact that he is an old soldier and his print shop is the only union Populist shop in the entire state. The last issue of his paper contains a colored map of Eastern Kansas and Western Missouri, with the cuts of the uccessful Pop state officials,

#### PACKING HOUSE FOREMAN INJURED. Gus A. Lind Dangerously Wounded by an Explosion.

Gus A. Lind, a foreman at Powler's packing house was dangerously injured Saturday might by an explosion in the fectilizing department. He entered a room in this department with a lantern, which was minus a globe, and upon placing it on the floor an explosion occurred. The exact cruse of the explosion is not definitely known, but it is thought to have been due to dust. Lind was thrown several feet and badly injured. He is still in a critical con-sition at his home, No. 242 Virginia ave-

This is the second or third accident that has happened to Mr. Lind in the past year. Just a few weeks ago he came near los-ing his right hand by cutting with a large

### Tauromee Lodge Entertained.

The members of Tauromee Iodge, A. O. U. W., were pleasantly entertained Saturday evening by the cyclone committee. U. W., were pleasantly entertained Saturday evening by the cyclone committee. This committee is composed of one member of each lodge in the county and its only duty is to visit the various lodges and entertain their members. Among those who took part in the Tauromee entertainment were Past Grand Master Exckiel, Grand Foreman William Cross, Dow McClain and others. Mr. McClain scored the hit of the evening with his recitation, "The Frost is on the Pumpkins and the Fodder's in the Shock." To an encore he responded with "Little Breeches."

### Preliminary Hearing To-day,

The preliminary hearing of Bandall Green, b. Bowman, Lulu Hurrington, Essey Williams and Mary Barker will be begun in Justice Betis' court this morning. The five defendants are charged with highway robbery, being suspected of having neid up and assaulted Conductor Sawyer of the West side line on the night of November 13.

### Mother and Family Suffering.

Mrs. J. Scott and her small children are reported to be in destitute circumstances Mrs. J. Scott and her small children are reported to be in destitute circumstances at their home, No. 12 South Second street. The family is without food or fuel and no means to secure the necessities of life. An application was made to the Provident Association of Kausas City. Mo., but us Mrs. Scott was a resident of this city the Provident was a resident of the New Albany.

of the benevolent organizations of this city to look after her wants and referred the case to the authorities here.

D. B. Hadley Improving.

Attorney D. B. Hadley, who has been lying at the point of death for the past three weeks, is reported slowly improving. Mr. Hadley is the oldest member of the Wyandotte county bar and during his illness members of the bar have been contantly at his bedside. He is 70 years old and has spent nearly thirty-five years in this county.

#### METROPOLIS MISCELLANY,

The Humane Society will hold a business meeting to-night at the city hall. Colonel Crum, of the First regiment, Na-tional Guards of Kansas, will inspect Com-panies B and E of that regiment in Armory hall, corner of Fifth and State streets, to-night.

Short funeral ervices were held yester-day morning over the remains of Miss Katle Underwood at her home, No. 98 Armstrong avenue. The body was shipped last night to Brooklyn, N. Y., for burial. The funeral of Mrs. Laura P. Cummings took place yesterday afternoon fro mthe home of her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Orcutt, 1916 North Seventh street. The services were conducted by Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, pastor of the First Presbyterian church.

### ARGENTINE.

A. W. Fox, of the Santa Fe, Is Dead-Passed Away at the To-

A. W. Fox, the Santa Fe engineer, who has been ill for several days, died at the Santa Fe hospital at Topeka yesterday morning. Fox is the man whom the physicians said was afflicted with "embolism" in his foot and that amputation would be necessary in order to save his life. Before his removal to Topeka he was under the care of Drs. Clopper and Halley but had not been considered sufficiently strong to undergo a surgical operation.

The remains will be brought to Argentine to-day for burial. The funeral services will be under the auspices of the local G. A. R. and B. of L. E.

#### ' Miscellaneous.

Miss Nellie Bradshaw, of Olathe, Kas., is visiting Miss Nellie Kincart, of South Oak street. Miss Lillia Coomby and Miss Ida Drol-Miss Lillia Coomby and Miss Ida Drollinger gave a surprise party last Friday
evening to a number of their friends at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. George F.
Bender on West Ruby avenue.
William Lawrence, of Nickerson, Kas., is
moving his family to Arsentine, where
they will make their future home.
Henry Sayers, aged 62 years, died at the
home of his son, Milton Sayers, on Maple
avenue, Saturday afternoon, of consumption. He was buried at Junction cemetery
yesterday afternoon. yesterday afternoon.
Cincinnatus lodge, Knights of Pythias, will hold a smoker at its hall on Metropolitan avenue to-morrow evening. Officers for the coming term will be elected.
Chief clerk of the local Santa Fe offices, George C. Horne, Dr. O. P. Blatchley, B. L. Stine, of Rosedale, and party will leave to-day for an extended hunting tour through the Southern swamps. esterday afternoon,

### INDEPENDENCE.

H. Y. Sherwood's Funeral Yesterday-Rev. Alexander Proctor, His

Wedding Pastor, Officiated. The funeral of H. Y. Sherwood took place yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence of Dr. John Bryant, on South Main street. The obsequies were private and were conducted by Rev. Alexander Proctor, who officiated at the marriage of the young people four years ago. The serv-ice was simple, and consisted of reading the Scripture, prayer and songs, and a few remarks upon the part of the officiating clergyman. Quite a number of the rela-tives of the deceased were present from Jefferson City, Springfield and St. Louis. The sad home coming of the young wife to the parental roof from which she went company held an exclusive contract with extreme as she stood beside the casket. the city, no other company ventured to The remains were laid away in the family burying ground.

#### Miscellaneous.

C. C. Mincher and wife, of New York city, are the guests of Dr. C. M. Coe and The Young Peoples' Societies of this city

will hold a sunrise prayer meeting next Thursday morning at the Maple Avenue

Mr. Tod Speed has returned home from a hunting trip through Southwest Missouri. Ladies of the First Presbyterian churc are preparing to give a musical and liter ary entertainment on the evening of De The funeral of Martin H. Iams will h

held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the

#### REPUBLICANS WILL HELP. Kansas Populists Claim Six Republic

an Votes for a Constitutional Convention.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 22.—(Special.) At Populist headquarters to-night the state ment is given out that six Republican rep resentatives-elect have promised to support a constitutional convention. They are Botkin, of Hutchinson; Cubbison, of Kan sas City, Kas.; Hackbusch, of Leaven-worth; Ury, of Fort Scott; Fitzgerald, of Dodge City, and Fouts, of Osborne. The Populists claim that these men have joined the movement because their communities all favor resubmission. In case the bosses can hold the Populist forces together, they now only lack one vote of having enough to pass the resolution in the house. So far no Republican senator has agreed to vote for the resolution.

#### Liquors for Kansas. Shipped daily in secure packages by GEORGE EYSSELL, Druggist, Opposite waiting room, Union depot.

Pittsburg Coal and Coke Company make a specialty of Cherokee coal. See them for prices. Tel. 2695. Office, 1018 N. Y. Life

### PERSONAL.

M. Elletzger, Nashville, is at the Coates E. J. Bond, Baltimore, is at the Coates, M. T. De Vault, Bristol, Tenn., is at the El Caldwell, Louisville, is at the

A. S. Hatch, Augusta, Ga., is at the Coates. George Hammer, Buffalo, is at the

W. E. Brown, Fremont, Neb., is at the Paul Troumilitz, San Francisco, is at the

H. T. Hallett, Bridgeport, Conn., is at J. C. Stoldard, Washington, D. C., is at W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb., was at the

L. Dunlap, St. Louis, is at the Savoy. V. Glass, New York, is at the Savoy. G. J. Jameson, Detroit, is at the Savoy, Miss Levy, Chicago, is at the Victoria Mr. Page, Chicago, is at the Victoria. Oscar Rice, Indianapolis, is at the Savoy J. M. Worrill, Chicago, is at the Victoria. Felix Shaw, St. Louis, is at the Victoria. C. A. McColter, Chicago, is at the Savoy. A. C. Weaver, St. Paul, is at the Savov. M. Turner, Mungo, is at the Victoria Miss Welch, Chicago, is at the Victoria. Z. D. Merrikan, Chicago, is at the Vic

Miss Goodwin, Chicago, is at the Vic-Rob Nasch, Pittsburg, Ky., is at the O. M. Smith of St. Louis, is at the New Albany. H. Calkins, of Fort Scott, is at the New I. L. Gifford, Reading, Pa., is at the

W. E. Edwards, Wagoner, I. T., is at the Homer Rawlins, Marshall, Mo., is at the R. McCormick, of Slater, Mo., is at the New Albany. O. B. Elliott, of Des Moines, is at the New Albany

Mr. and Mrs. Trobridge, New York, are B. H. Howard, of Newton, Kas., is at he New Albany. the New Albany.

Hon. J. M. Simpson, of McPherson, Kas., late chairman of the Republican state central committee, was in the city yesterday forenoon and left for home on an early of a fleet is to defend the coasts of a

### IN CASE OF A SPANISH WAR.

ARE WE PREPARED TO MEET A MILITARY NATION?

Some Serious Considerations of the Relative Attitude of Spain and the United States-Weak Sen and Coast Defenses.

General Lee, while talking a few days ago in Washington of the Spanish-Cuban situation, expressed the opinion that the reports that open rupture with Spain was imminent, and that consequent preparations for trouble were being made by both countries,

night be greatly exaggerated. He said that he had no knowledge of immediate danger of hostility, though, of course, there was great feeling against this country among Spaniards, who thought that, without filibustering aid and comfort from the United States, the rebellion might easily be suppressed.

The Spanish government may be improving their defenses wherever possible, but it does not necessarily imply expectation of war with us. The only thing that could be construed to give that impression is the mounting of a battery of heavy sea coast guns along the coast above Havana. There are twelve or fifteen of these that extend perhaps a mile or a mile and a half north from the city proper. They point to the ses, and not toward the insurgents. In case of attacks it is possible these might be made to supplement the defense given by Moro castle, Cabanas and Riena and other forts.

We do not say that a war with Spain is necessary, or even probable, but the best way to avert it is to be prepared for all contingencies. Spain realizes this. She



knows that she cannot put down the Cuban rebellion, and, to save her dignity and her honor, she might try to force a war with the United States. Thus it is that she has just made a loan of several hundred millions and ordered an addition of new cruisers to her already mighty fleet in American

waters. And whilst Spain is preparing for any emergency that may occur, what are we doing? There is a Latin maxim that conveys a world of meaning: "SI vis pallem, para bellum," which means that those who wish for peace must prepare for war. This maxim is highly applicable to the presen moment, but our rulers seem, in their blind party spirit, and in the utter selfishness that characterizes their whole course of procedure, to ignore every rule of prudence and good sense. To the preservation of peace something besides diplomacy is nec essary. The writing of dispatches consti-tutes a very poor safeguard for the interests of one's nation. When it is known that behind the dispatches there are well equipped forces and indomitable resolution, then, indeed, our arguments will carry full conviction and produce the desired effect.

The victories of the past are somewhat brought forward as an excuse for the criminal negligence of the present. "We have beaten England twice; we were then a small and insignificant people; we could do so much more easily now, when our popu-lation and resources are twenty times

greater Is this a sound argument? In the war of independence England stood alone against the world. The United States was assisted by France, both by land and sea. In the war of 1812, when Great Britain was actively engaged in the great Napoleonic cont, there were defeats and victories both sides No solid argument can well be deduced from former wars to warrant us in concluding that Spain, in the event of the arbitrament of the sword, would prove an easy victim. Besides, she might find some European allies. We might also derive a useful lesson from the recent war between China and Japan. China, relying on the numberless millions of men she could put into the field, and on her im-mense resources, had anticipated an easy victory over Japan. Her tiny neighbor was prepared, however, to meet her gigan-tic adversary. The result shows, in these days of scientific warfare, that a smaller nation, which has advanced with the times and neglected none of the latest warfare improvements, is more than a match for a nore powerful nation, no matter how war

like its people may be.
It is idle to say that the Chinese are not characterized by physical bravery. The ex-perience of Chinese Gordon contradicts such an assertion. In their overweening confidence they were simply unprepared for war, just in the same degree as the French were in '70; and under such circumstances the bravest nation on earth must succumi to the well directed attacks of the enemy Wealth at such a time, far from being a means of power, becomes a source of temptation to the enemy whose greed topes to gratify itself in a large war in

The United States has 4,000 miles of coast line to defend, along which are situated some of the richest and noblest cities in the world. Blucher, on visiting London, exclaimed: "What a city to sack!" Would he not make a similar observation in regard to New York and the cities that cluster around it? They alone would be equal to the ransom of a kingdom. Imagine New York and Brooklyn in the possession of an enemy for even two days! What havoc would be wrought! What destrucion of life and property! And having ac-complished all this the invaders, laden with their booty, could calmly return to heir ships and sail away where some other titles almost as inviting awaited them.
Is it not a matter of organcy to preventuch a dire possibility? It is sufficient only

to mention it to render every patriotic American alive to the needs of the hour There would be an end to the fatuous tor oor, which, while inviting war by preten ions to which foreign nations do not will ngly lend an ear, does nothing to enable us to support with weight the claims we put forward. Strength must be restored to the American Samson before the fearful ry is heard boding destruction and ruin

The Philistines be upon thee."
We are a commercial people, accustome to view things in a commercial light. It would be well for us to imitate the con-duct of the prudent business man, who in-sures his property in order to be prepared for any eventuality. There may not be one chance of fire out of one thousand; nevertheless, be comes to terms with an insurance company, and henceforth he feels easy in his mind. Should we not consider the preparation of proper defenses for the approaches to our great cities as an act of insurance, calculated not only to save our property, but to preserve the honor and dignity of our country? To think of the present state of inadequacy of our means of defense makes us blush. In all the arsenals of the United States there are less than 5,000 rifles, no guns, no ammunition whatever, nothing at all! This is not only alarming; it affords a positive invitation to a bold and enterprising ene-To remedy this state of things we id require to incur an expense of some \$100,000,000, that is to say but a small fraction of 1 per cent upon the property at stake. Why so much delay and hesita-tion? If congress refuses to act, why do not the cities imperilled bestir themselve and insist that measures be taken, and a once, to provide adequate means of se-curity? As matters stand, we can be compared to a wealthy, defenseless old man, who would make ostentatious Jisplay of his riches to three or four ruffians who are

ready to pounce upon him at the very firs opportunity.

An erroneous impression that is also widely prevalent is that the chief function

country and that in carrying out this por-tion of their duty the ships must hug the coasts and the approaches to the leading harbors in order to bar the entrance of the enemy. England has but a small coast line and a gigantic fleet, but she has long realized the impossibility and absurdity of such a mode of defense. She has provided with elaborate and powerful fortifications the most assailable points along her coasts-Dover, Plymouth, Portsmooth, the mouth of the Mersey and the Thames are thus securely defended. Once a Dutch fleet, with brooms at the mastheat, en-tered the Thames. Great Britain is evidently determined to prevent the recur-rence of such humilia lon. Captain Ma-han, in his great work on the "Induence of Sea Power," has shown that the true role of a fleet is to seek the enemy and engage him wherever he 's to be found. It is with the fleets as with cavalry; to be

### DID NOT TARRY FOR LONG.

ANTOINE MUZZARELLI.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN IN THE CITY THREE HOURS YESTERDAY.

Took Breakfast at the Coates With Police Commissioner Fyke-Left at 10:40 O'clock for Denver, by Way of Lincoln.

William J. Bryan, late Popocratic candidate for president of the United States, honored Kansas City with his presence for three hours yesterday morning. He arrived at 7:40 o'clock from his week's hunting trip on the private game preserves of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, in Taney county. By way of digression, just think of a Popocratic presidential candidate being the familiar friend and guest of one of those villainous corporations!

Mr. Bryan was not greeted by any clamorous crowd of great "common people of this country." No tolling masses labored to catch a sight of him. Only Matt Fyke, one of Governor Stone's Kansas City po-lice commissioners, gave Mr. Bryan the glad hand. The two sauntered about the Union depot for a few minutes and then boarded a Ninth street car for the Coates House, where they took breakfast, A few stragglers greeted the late candidate, and an informal reception was held, attended by all those who cared to shake hands with a man who came so near winning the presidency as to have the largest adverse ogular majority against him in the his ory of the republic. To the friends who greeted him Mr. Brv-

an declared that he was in the best of health and spirits. He had greatly enleved his hunting trip and will now engage an active quest for bigger game. Mr. Bryan left at 19:40 o'clock yesterday renoon for his home in Lincoln, where will be met by Mrs. Bryan, and together they will proceed direct to Denver

#### morrow night. DEMOCRATS IN HARD LUCK.

where a great free silver demonstration will be held in honor of Mr. Bryan to-

Have to Win the Fusion Fight in Kansas and Then Go

Hungry. Topeka, Nov. 22.-(Special.) Democrats of Kansas may feel highly flattered over the big vote they polled at the recent election, but it will in no way win them any turkey. The only thing they can have to brag over is the vote-there will be no offices for them. This simply shows how badly they need a political leader in the state.

The little handful of Populisis-about 45. 000-with an experienced leader get all the offices, while a party with 126,000 votes gets nothing. The Populists do not rely numbers for victory. They look to the Hung Chang of their party, J. W. Breidenthal, to manipulate a fusion deal with other anti-Republican organizations, and they depend upon his shrewdness in political affairs to carry them through. He has

the first time yet to fall down.

He has the faculty of leading the Democrats to believe that they have no votes in Kansas and that their only salvation is first to down the Republicans and then re-organize their party for future battles. He always works the Democrats in that way and when his crowd happens to win from the Republicans the Populists take the offices and the Democrats have to whistle,

### POPULIST CLANS GATHERING.

Kansas Officers-Elect to Confer in Topeka To-day as to the Pie Distribution.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 22.-(Special.) The Populist claps are gathering for the conference to be held to-morrow. Although the state and congressional officers-elect have given it out that the conference will be executive, and that applications of ple hunters will not be considered, the city will swarm with members of the "hungry horde." Governor-elect Leedy arrived this morning, and was closeted all the forenoon with Webb McNall, R. W. Turner and other free silverites who are looking for some crumbs. This evening many of the other officers-elect drifted in, and an informal meeting was held in Leedy's room at the National. The executive session tomorrow will be held in Bank Commissioner Breidenthal's office and the party's policy The plan of distrib-

will be decided upon. The plan of uting the pie will also be discussed. One of the questions now agitating the minds of the politicians of all parties is whether Lewelling, Householder, Ed Snow and that crowd of Populists will attend the conference. None of them has yet put in an appearance, and it is said that they were highly indignant that Breidenthal's office should be chosen as the place for holding the conference. They may swallow the medicine, however, and attend for the purpose of insisting on being recognized at

The influx of officeseekers is tremendous There will probably be as many Populists here as usually attend a state convention. They will come with indersements for various offices. A leader of the party day said that if there were forty times as offices to give out there would be no necessity of any more candidates coming

#### FRAZER CASE NOT DROPPED. Officers Will Continue to Hunt for the Murderers of the Kansas

Cattleman. Independence, Kas., Nov. 22.-(Special.) R. J. Hill, who was one of the attorneys assisting in the prosecution in the famous Frazer murder trial, which took place at Eureka, Kas., last week, has returned home. While the trial resulted in the acquittal of the three persons charged with the murder, Mr. Hill says the end has not yet come. A great deal of valuable testimony was secured in this last trial which will help the attorneys to get at the facts better. It is now thought that at least twenty persons were implicated in the af-fair, and while these three that were acquitted cannot be again tried, others will soon be tried. This case has cost Chau-tauqua county upwards of \$50,000, and if the county treasury holds out, the guilty parties will soon be brought to justice.

Colonel Ingersoil's Scintica. New York, Nov. 22-Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who suffered from an attack of sciatica during a recent trip through Hil-nois, reached his home in this city to-day. His doctor informed him that rest is all that is needed to bring him back to perfect health. In order to obtain perfect quiet, Colonel Ingersoll has canceled all his lecture engagements.

Fifty-six Hours to Los Angeles. The California Limited, via Santa Fe Route, Swift, safe and luxurious.

## ALL SHOPS WILL BE "OPEN."

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION REFUSES TO LIFT THE BOYCOTT.

Industrial Council Indorses the Action-What Members of the Typothetne and Employes Have to Say.

This morning every member of the Ty-

pothetae will declare his printing estabishment an "open" office. The foremen of the printing houses will be informed that hereafter they will be relieved of the power to employ the men working in the house and the proprietor will do the employing himself. This will be the result of the action of Typographical Union No. 80, in not taking off its boycott against the Hudson-Kimberly Printing Company at its meeting yesterday afternoon. The Typothetae, composed of the employing printers, sent a letter to the Typographical Union about ten days ago, demanding that it remove its boycott against the Hudson-Kimberly company. The letter stated that unless this was done by Monday morning, November 23, this morning, that the Typothetae would declare every printing and job house in Kansas City an open office. The Typographical Union replied that its boycott would continue until the Hudson-Kimberly company unionized its office. At the reguest of the Typographical Union, a meeting was held last Saturday afternoon between the Typothetae and the executive committee of the union. This committee offered to raise the boycott if the Hudson Kimberly company would unionize two-thirds of its office. This proposition was refused by the Typothetae, which added that it would carry out its threat unless the boycott was declared off. At the meeting of the Typographical Union and the other allied printing trades yesterday afternoon at labor headquarters.

1117 Walnut street, it unanimously decided to continue its boycott on the Hudson-Kimberly company until that company unionized its office. It was decided that when the heretofore union offices were de-clared open offices this morning that the union men in them were not to strike, but continue at their work unless the employing printers discharge a union man and fill his place with a non-union man. In this event the rest of the union men will walk out and the house will be boycotted "We simply decided to continue our boy-cott on the Hudson-Kimberly company harder than ever," said President Guyette of the Typographical Union, after the meeting. "The Typothetae can open every office in the city if it wants to, but our beycott will continue. It is a matter of principle with us, and now that the Ty pothetae has taken up the case of the company we don't intend to waver from our original determination to unionize the company. The Hudson-Kimberly company as a non-union house can cut the wage of its men and thus do cheaper work than the houses that employ union men. It is only a case of right that the Hudson-Kimcompany pay the same scale of wages that the other houses pay. We are only following out the instructions of the mploying printers themselves when they petitioned us to make a uniform scale of

wages throughout the city."

Immediately after the meeting of the Typographical Union, the Industrial Couneil, representing all the labor unions in the city, held its regular semi-monthly The trouble between the Typographical Union and the Typothetae was thoroughly discussed, and when the delegates from the Typographical Union presented a resolution asking for the judorsement by the council of its action in continuing its boycott, despite the threat of the Typothetae, it was done unanimously. The following were the resolutions adopt-

ed by the council: "Whereas, The Typothetae of Kansas City, composed of the employing printers, has fnaugurated a war upon the journey men printers of Typographical Union, No 80, and threatened to open the offices to non-union men and consequently decreasing the already low scale of wages in job

"Whereas. The Typothetae gives as th reason for its action that Typographical Union, No. 80, refuses to lift the boycot on the Hudson-Kimberly Printing Com-pany, a notoriously unfair firm, and, "Whereas, The boycott would never have been inaugurated by Typographical Union No. 89, had not the Typothetae first re quested such action, therefore be it "Resolved, That the Industrial Council of Kansus City, representing 10,000 union men ecognizes in the move on the part of the Typothetae simply a scheme to reduce wages, and a direct blow at organized la-

only weapon, the boycott; and be "Resolved. That the Industrial Council port to Typographical Union No. 89, and the members of the council hereby pledge themselves to do all in their power to see that all printing goes to offices employing

When asked last night if all the printing houses would be thrown open as a result of the action of the union, the members of the Typothetae declared they w H. D. Train, president of the Train, president of the Hays Print

ing and Binding Company, said:
"I signed that petition which the union now claims asked it to boycott the Hudson-Kimberly company, and I will sign i again if the union wants me to, but when they say that that petition asks, demands or insinuates that the Hudson-Kimberly company is to be boycotted or in any wa affected, they claim what, on the very face of the letter itself, is false. I, as an em-ployer of union men, with the other signers who are employing union men, peti-tioned the union that it make 'a more uni-form scale of wages throughout the city.' The union scale is \$17 a week for six days of ten hours each and \$15 a week for six days of eight hours each. Every printer in my office who worked ten hours a day had to be paid \$17 a week. If a workman could do only half as much work as man working right beside him and was no competent to do the same class of work at all, he received the same wages as the best printer in the house. Now, therelots of cheap work, such as setting a post-er in which only two or three sizes of large font letters need be used, which anybody who knows the least thing about a printing office can do and for which the house receives only a small aum, but nevertheless we must pay just as much for this composition as for the finest work to be turned out of a printing office. Now, we who signed the petition simply asked the union to simply asked the union to make iniform scale; a scale of wages that would adjust itself to the class of work performed the printers. The Hudson-Kimberly company is in good standing in the Typoth-etne, and they asked the Typothetae to raise the boycott against it. We asked the union to do this, but it refuses, and we will open every office in the city, and hereafter recognize no card from a union man. The nion has acted arbitrarily in refusing to make a uniform scale of wages, and we, as employers, are getting tired of being ordered to conduct our business in a manne to conform to the thousand and litions which the union requires. I will in future employ just whom I please, but the scale of wages will be made unifor so that if a man is worth \$20 a week he may get it, and if he is worth only \$15 he will receive that sum." President Berkowitz, of the Typothetae

said last night that the employing printers said last night that the employing printers will do just as they threatened and that the officers will be opened to non-union men as well as union men this morning.

"I have been conducting a strictly union office," he said, "but I will inform my foreman, who has been doing all the hiring of the men whom I have paid, that hereafter I will conduct my own business. If the union men go out on a strike I am fully prepared, I would, however, from a personal standpoint, dislike to see some of my men be compelled to go out on the orders of some of the labor agitators. They haven't lost a day in several years, and one of them, whom I pay \$18 a week because he is worth it to me, is now paying cause he is worth it to me, is now paying for a home. But I have a list of names and addresses of non-union men who are only too anxious to get work and who have the best of recommendations, and I will put them right into any vacancies which may occur and pay them the wages of the men whose places they may fill. I

have enough orders to keep my office run-ning full blast until the first of the year and the striking of the union men will not affect the delivering of every one of my orders on time."

Industrial Council Meeting. At the meeting of the Industrial Council

yesterday afternoon a committee was ap pointed to act in conjunction with the delegate from the council, P. E. Duffy, to the national convention of the American Federation of Labor, which will be held in Cincinnati on December 14, for the purpose of securing the convention for Kansas City next year. The council indorsed the candidacy of O. P. Weakley for the appointment as state labor commissioner The question as to whether the board of education has the right to place military tactics in the curriculum of the publi schools, as it has done at the Central high school, was also discussed, but no definite action was taken in the matter. The council officially declared the boycott placed against the King Tailoring Company by the Garment Makers' Union, raised, as the company will employ none but union men.

#### RAIN FALLS IN INDIA.

Will Do Much to Ameliorate the Serious Condition-Extent of the Famine.

Bombay, Nov. 22,-Rain nas fallen in Rajputana and is also expected in Central India. It is believed the distress from famine will diminish where it has rained, but will not be totally removed. The fal in the temperature is increasing the

London, Nov. 23 .- A dispatch from Allahabad, India, to the Times on the breaking of the drouth, says: "The storm has caused a rainfall right through Eastern Rajputana, which has reached the western parts of the Northwest provinces. On Friday, a good rain had fallen at Meeut and a fair rain at Agra. This will be o the highest value, as Agra was suffering severely from drouth. There are signs that the rain will extend further. Here the clouds have been banked up for the last few days, but only a few drops have fallen, though there were showers on Saturday night farther north.

"The following is an accurate view of the osition of the northwest provinces and Oudh. The first area, where there is the greatest failure of crops, has 25,000 square miles, with a population of 13,000,000. Here the famine may be acute. The second area, where there is a severe failure, covers 30,000 miles, and the population is 14,000,000. The third area, where there is considerable failure, has 25,000 square miles and has a population of 12,600,000. The divisions which are worst off are Allahabad, Lucknow and Faizabad, with a portion of Agra not pro-tected by irrigation. The balance of the provinces are those protected by canals, which do not depend so much on the rice crop. Here there has been little failure though the dearness will press heavily ipon the poorest classes of the Khalif." The crops in Meerut division are excellent

and are probably the best on record.

As for the prospects, an inch and a half of rain within the next fortnight would reduce the difficulties by one-half to three-fourths. Favorable rains at the end of the year would relieve from 4 to 8 per cent of the population. The government is preparing for the worst. Should the dreuth continue until June prices would rule enormously high, but the lieutenant governor does not apprehend a complete fallure of supplies next summer, as local stocks will be supplies next summer, as local stocks will be supplies the buffer of famine conditions is that in certain areas prices for fine and coarse grains are closely approximating. So far the relief organization is equal to all demands. and are probably the best on record. is equal to all demands

#### Emperor William Disgusted. London, Nov. 23,-The London Daily

Mail's Berlin correspondent says he hears Emperor William is disgusted with the proceedings in the reichstag and is de-termined to dissolve that body unless the increased navel credits are voted. He regards them as the minimum consisten with the efficiency of the navy, and coniders the navy will prove a splendid elec-

tioneering cry. Armenians Condemned to Death. London, Nov. 23.-The Chronicle's Rome orrespondent says news has been received there from Constantinople that fifty Ar-menians were condemned to hang on Fri-

lay and that great agitation prevails. Russia Rejects a Proposal. London, Nov. 23.-A Times dispatch from Vienna to-day states that Russia has rejected the French proposal to im-prove Turkey's finances. The Austrian pa-

#### pers comment upon this as a disagreement etween France and Russia. "WAIT UNTIL CHRISTMAS."

Weyler Says by That Time the Rev

olution Will Have Received a Terrible Blow. Havana, Nov. 22 .- The first definite proouncement from Captain General Weyler since he has taken the field in person in Pinar del Rio was secured by the corres pondent of El Liberal, of Madrid, in an interview with the captain general at Jaca, near San Christobal, yesterday. General Weyler asserted he was highly pleased with the results of his campaign in Pinar lel Rio so far. He announced he expected to remain to conduct active operations in Pinar del Rio province for fifteen or twen-ty days longer, adding: "Walt until Christ-mas; by that date we shall have dealt a

nortal blow to the revolution. When asked about the whereabouts of Antonio Maceo, General Weyler replied he was southwest of the railway line, and that he always avoided an engagemen with the Spanish troops, even when he oc

upled an advantageous position. In closing the interview, General Weyler praised the deportment of the troops in his ommand He also expressed delight with the success of Spain's internal loan. Among the prominent insurgents on Maco's staff are Salazer, of Santiago de Cuba; Pope, of Manzanillo, and also, until he was killed in the recent engagement at

#### insurgent general since Miro's illness. A POINTER TO WEYLER. Notified to Stay Out of Hayana Until

Soroa, a lawyer named Trexes, of Holguin, The latter was acting chief of staff for the

He Does Something. London Nov. 23.-The Madrid correspond ent of the Standard says the government has instructed Captain General Weyler that it is expedient, for reasons of international and domestic politics, that he should not return to Havana until he has achieved something decisive against Maceo in Pinar del Rio. This correspondent adds that the plan is thereafter to clear the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara during the winter sufficiently to protect the tobacco and sugar cross and to make a final effort next winter to pacify the Eastern provinces.

New York, Nov. 22.—Rev. Minot J. Sav-age was formally installed as associate to the Rev. Robert L. Collyer, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, in the presence of a large number of leading clergymen of the Unitarian church and a congregation which more than taxed the capacity of the church sermon was delivered by Rev. Dr. Everett Hale, of Boston

Savage Is Collyer's Associate.

Fifty-six Hours to Los Angeles. The California Limited, via Santa Fe Route. Swift, safe and luxurious. MINOR MENTION.

The fire department made a run last vening about 9 o'clock to the residence of S. W. Smith, 1239 Harrison street, damage was done, as the alarm was ed in by some one who saw the fire burning

The veterans of Company A. Third regiment, intend to have a good time Thanks-giving night. They have sent invitations to a few of their friends to attend a luncheon, which will be spread in the company' headquarters, Thirteenth street and Grand avenue. The company is also preparing to give a military ball at the Armory Twelfth street and Troost avenue, on

### IS A NOTABLE LINGUIST.

PROF. EDMUND DE VEMIE RIVALS "THE LEARNED BLACKSMITH."

Reads Twenty Ancient and Modern Languages and Speaks Thirteen With Fluency-Remarkable Acquirements.

In the person of Professor Edmund De-Vemie, a member of the faculty of Spalding's Commercial college and an instructor in the Alliance Francaise School of French, Kansas City possesses a gentleman whose linguistic acquirements make him a notable rival of Elihu Burritt, the "learned blecksmith," who was regarded as a philological phenomenon during his life.
Professor DeVemie reads and writes twenty ancient and modern languages and

speaks fluently thirteen, as follows: En-



PROFESSOR EDMUND DeVEMIE. Who Is a Noted Local Linguist.

glish, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Swelish, Danish, Norwegian, Portuguese, Provencal, Flemish, Dutch and Rouman-

Professor DeVemie was born forty-six years ago in the bi-linguous province of East Flanders, Belgium, of French de-scent. As intimated in the designation of his native province, he had two mother tongues, French and Dutch, and he was thus well started in his linguistic career. He received his primary and classical education at his home and also at the State Middle school, St. Vincent's institute, and St. Anthony's college, in turn. After com-pleting this portion of his training, he pleting this portion of his training, he took an extensive course at the normal school of St. Nicholas, Belgium, He also studied in the lyceum of Lille, France, and the College de France, Paris.

Professor De Vemie early exhibited a particular taste for languages, and after particular taste for languages, and after acquiring a thorough classical education in Latin and Greek, he studied English and Gesman language and literature. He also took private tuition in Spanish and Italian. He traveled extensively, and thus perfected himself in the modern languages.

In 183, Professor De Vemic came to this country, where he pursued his philological and linguistic studies in the domain of comparative philology, particularly in the Greek, Latin and Teutonic branches of the Indo-European family. While in this country he acquired a thorough knowledge of the Scandinavian languages. He has been connected with Spalding's Commercial college for the past thirteen years.

In addition to his linguistic acquirements, the professor is an accomplished musician, eing a singer of more than local reputa-

Mulhall, O. T., Commercial Club. Mulhall, O. T., Nov. 22.-(Special.) At a meeting of business men last night a commercial club was organized to advance the best interests of the town and county. F. M. Spangler was elected president and W. H. Mathews secretary, and a committee at once sent to Texas to secure the bring-ing in of cattle to use up the corn crop.

CUTICURA REMEDIES

Great Change in Five Days and To-day is Entirely Cured.

baby had Eczema in its worst form My baby had Eczema in its worst form. One of the best physicians in the city attended her, but she continued to get worse all the time. He finally admitted he was at his wits' end. I then got CUTHUTHA RESIDIES, and in a few days noticed a great change in her condition. She continued to improve and to-day is entirely cured, has nice head of hair, and is lively and hearty. I spent considerable money for drugs and doctor's bills, which was useless.

J. B. JACOBS, 2011 Wilkins Ave., Balt., Md. SPERTY CYRE TREATMENT. - Warm baths with Currents Soar, centre applications of Currents to interest, the great with care, and mild doses of Currents Rassivers, greatest of humor cures.

For Breakfast—

Excelsion Farm Sausage!

Trimmings from the fleshy part of the nam, with flaky fat, in combination with the most delicate of spices, form this delilous product for the breakfast table. is just like the old farm product, and there is nothing like it on the market. Do not accept any substitute, but ask and insist upon getting the genuine article. Be sure our monogram and name appear on each package. Excelsior Farm Sausage is made exclu-sively by

Armour Packing Co. KANSAS CITY, MO.

Kansas City's Leading Theater, THE AUDITORIUM JOHN P. SLOCUM, Mgr. Long Dist. Tel. 2809 Thurs. Fri., Sat., Mat. Thur. and Sat., Nov. 36, 27, 38,

TO-NIGHT at 8:15. { Special Wed. Matinee WHITNEY OPERACO. In DeKoven and Smith's greatest with course,

BLACK GROOK. In all its original splendor. ROB ROY. Seats at Box Office and Grand Junction Ticket Office. Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c

TOMPKIAS'

COATES HOUSE, TO NIGHT: TO NIGHT: Daniel Frohman's latest great success, "THE PRISONER OF ZENDA,"

Presented by the Original Lyceum Co. Next Week-Palmer Cox's "BROWNIES," GRAND

MATINEE At Gay Coney Island. Hoyt's A Black Sheep.



Jolly Old Chums. Next Week.